



# Medication Safety Series: MSS 15

## How to report an Adverse Drug Reaction (ADR)



Scan or click  
for [Yellow  
Card Scheme](#)



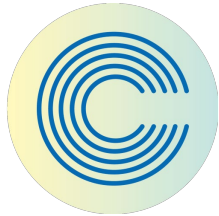
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of BNF\)](#)



For established medicines and vaccines you should **report all serious suspected ADRs**, even if the effect is well recognised and any ADR with a black triangle ▼ drug. eLearning is available here [MHRA WP4 - adverse drug reaction](#)



An entry in the electronic patient record should be made of all ADRs. See [how to record allergies and ADRs](#).

Reports on InPhase are not necessary for ADRs that are well recognised unless urgent treatment was required.



Who can report:

- Any healthcare professional – if multiple team members are aware of the ADR then ensure you agree who will report
- Any member of the public

Title	MSS 15: how to report an adverse drug reaction v3.1
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*“an **unwanted or harmful** reaction experienced following the administration of a drug or combination of drugs under normal conditions of use and suspected to be related to the drug”*



Tees, Esk and Wear Valleys  
NHS Foundation Trust



The MHRA are particularly interested in receiving Yellow Card reports of suspected ADRs:

- in children
- in patients that are over 65
- to biological medicines and vaccines
- associated with delayed drug effects and interactions
- to complementary remedies such as homeopathic and herbal products



**Also report via yellow card** any issues with the following:

- Medical devices
- Defective medicines
- Fake or counterfeit medicines
- e-cigarettes
- Fire incidents with emollients or other skin care products



When submitting a yellow card use the trust HQ as the reporter and clinician address to ensure reports are attributed to TEWV. West Park Hospital, Darlington, **DL2 2TS**