

# **Introduction or Upgrade of Information Systems Procedure**

Ref IT-0032-001-v2.2

**Status: Approved** 

**Document type: Procedure** 



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## 1 Purpose

It is essential that we identify any potential resource requirements for new or upgraded information systems to help us target our means towards the developments that will achieve the most benefits for the business and our customers.

Following this procedure will help the Trust to:-

- Introduce a new information system that is fit for purpose
- Upgrade existing information systems

#### 2 Related documents

This procedure describes what you need to do to implement the Introduction or Upgrade of information Systems procedures section of the Maintenance of IT Systems Policy [ref IT-0032].



The Maintenance of IT Systems Policy defines the principles which you must read, understand and be trained in before carrying out the procedures described in this document.

This procedure also refers to:-

✓ Information Security and Risk Policy [ref IT-0010]

#### 3 Procedure



The Information department will not accommodate any system developments pursued outside of the process described in this document

New developments must adhere to the following stages from concept to implementation:

# 3.1 Develop the concept: consider the need

When considering new ideas, consult with all key stakeholders. In the case of information systems, you must include the Information department as part of this stakeholder group. The Supporting Users Team should be contacted to support for ideas or proposals at this stage of development.

Focus on:

- What is the information need or gap?
- What would be the business benefits of meeting this need?
- Can current practice be improved without a new system?



 Equality Analysis – ensuring that the needs of people with disabilities and other protected groups are considered.

When you have established a clear need, the Heads of Information will present a Form 0 to Digital Transformation Board for consideration.

# 3.2 Governance Groups: Strategic alignment

Any developments must be clearly identified in the Trust's business plan. The following groups provide the governance for information system developments:

Group	Responsible for			
Digital Transformation Board	<ul> <li>The programme board governing the delivery of the Digital Transformation programme's projects and workstreams.</li> <li>The aim of the board is to implement the Digital Transformation Strategy in the Trust to ensure that the Trust's digital transformation vision is achieved.</li> </ul>			
Digital Safety and Information Governance Board	Promoting and ensuring that effective clinical risk management is carried out prior to deploying, developing and modifying health IT systems.			
Managing the Business Group	<ul> <li>The aims of the groups include:</li> <li>reviewing the quality of data produced within the organisation, ensuring there is a culture of continuous improvement in the quality and accuracy of the information</li> <li>providing assurance to stakeholders that information reports are accurate and reliable</li> <li>providing effective communication and engagement with Trust stakeholders and Trust staff on data quality and use of information</li> <li>Any issues that require further senior approval or support will be escalated to Director of Planning and Performance and/or the Director of Finance and information</li> </ul>			
Cyber Security	<ul> <li>To receive up-dates from key functional areas within the Information Department &amp; Information Governance team in relation to the Cyber security activities. This would include:         <ul> <li>Information incidents</li> <li>Third party audits</li> <li>Penetration schedule of events</li> <li>Identification and review of critical systems to include Business Continuity Plans (BCP) and Disaster Recovery (DR)</li> <li>Desktop security alerts</li> <li>Technology Alerts</li> <li>Review &amp; prioritisation of care cert actions</li> </ul> </li> </ul>			



#### Regional/national briefing

- To ensure an impact assessment (inc. risks to front line services) are undertaken for all security alerts.
- To establish and monitor the standard systems and processes in place to ensure the security and integrity of the Trusts Information Systems are maintained.
- To monitor the progress, compliance and delivery of key actions that underpin the Trust Cyber Security approach.
- To be accountable for the assessment and mitigation of issues and risks raised to the group – issues and risks that are identified will be managed by the group and escalated as appropriate.
- To ensure effective communication and engagement approaches are in place with Trust stakeholders and Trust staff on cyber security – within and external to the Information department.
- To provide assurance that the Trust has no unsupported or isolated systems that requires additional measures.
- To produce a quarterly report to the digital safety board providing assurance on cyber security.

#### Technical Change Board

- Acting as the change board for all changes to the Trust's IT Infrastructure and Information Systems, ensuring all changes are documented, impact assessed and managed in accordance with best practice;
- Providing technical assurance that all changes and developments, that fall within its remit, are assessed to ensure that they aligned to the Trusts' agreed strategic plan and meet the desired outcomes and do not compromise current infrastructure and systems

The process for scoping new developments is outlined in Appendix 1. Proposals must include:

- Business benefits
- Risks
- Dependencies
- Technical evaluation and assurance this is evaluated by the Information Systems department with reporting and sign-off sought from either the Digital Transformational Board or the Managing the Business Group depending on the nature and size of the change
- Patient systems need to be assessed by a Trust Clinical Safety Officer.
- Clinical Safety Cases are completed if the system relates to Patient information/data
- Equality Analysis to ensure that the proposal is fair and will not exclude protected groups
   e.g. staff with disabilities
- Data Protection Impact Assessment (DPIA) to support 'privacy by design' by identifying and minimising the data protection risks of a project.



## 3.3 From concept to approved business case

Annually, the Digital Transformational Board (DTB) and the Executive Management Team (EMT) agree the priority schemes for the coming year's Trust Information Strategy.

Business-critical proposals may be considered in-year by either the DTB or Managing the Business Group (MBG) and EMT.

All approved proposals will need a detailed business case using the Trust's project management framework.

Document	Contents
Form 1	Scope of the development
	Request resources for requirements gathering
	Market review
	Stakeholder consultation
	Development of Form 3
Form 3 (Outline Business	Outline scope
Case)	Identify detailed benefits
	Implementation timescales
	Implementation plan
	Project Initiation document (PID)
	Plans for procurement
	Quality impact Assessment
	Data Protection Impact Assessment
	Equality Analysis – this must be considered from requirements gathering onwards i.e. it should not be done at the end
Form 3 (Full Business Case )	As for OBC but post-procurement
	How the development supports the Trust's strategic vision
	Which of the Trust's objectives the development will address
	Expected outcomes and benefits of implementation
	Identify all costs including capital and recurring expenditure

These forms must be presented to and considered by relevant governance group before going to EMT for approval.

# 3.4 Implementation

Approved schemes are monitored by the relevant governance group and reported each month as part of the Trust's project management framework to EMT.

Introduction of new information systems or upgrades to existing systems should be delivered using project management methodologies and principles.

Project implementation plans must establish and monitor:



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- Agreed timescales
- Appropriate resources
- Impacts on other systems
- Impacts on stakeholders

For the introduction or upgrade of clinical systems, assurance is required that the skills, competence, capacity and confidence to take on the system are present, otherwise clinical safety may be compromised or benefits might not be realised. To ensure that clinical safety is not compromised, a Pilot site approach should be considered to evaluate any risk to patient safety before any large scale implementation is undertaken.

3<sup>rd</sup> party audits will be undertaken as required by the Information Security Officer. Transition of the new or upgraded system to the services that will use it as opposed to transition to IT Operations (covered in section 3.5) is an important aspect of the project implementation. Staff who will be using the system should be engaged in the process at the earliest possible stage. This will enable the staff to identify any possible areas of improvement that maybe required before it goes live.

The training needs for users must also be carefully considered, taking into account how they can demonstrate practical competence in using the system.

All developments of new web and browser systems should consider meeting the Worldwide Web Consortium (W3C) Web Content Accessibility Group (WCAG) 2.0 AA standard. There are three potential levels of WCAG compliance ranging from A-AAA, with A being the minimum required to ensure a website does not contravene the Disability Discrimination Act (2005) and AAA defining the requirements for a site specifically designed to support users with impaired motor, visual, or auditory capabilities.

Developments in non-Web technologies will consider Guidance on Applying WCAG 2.0 to Non-Web Information and Communications Technologies.

# 3.5 Transition to Operations in Information Department

#### 3.5.1 Checklist

Task	Responsibility	Done 🗸
Project Documentation	Project Manager	
Form 3 Outline Business Case		
Form 3 Final Business Case (if relevant)		
Contractual agreements		
Equality Analysis		
Final copy of project AIR log		
PM4 including Benefits		
Data Protection Impact Assessment signed off by Data Protection Officer		
Operational and technical documentation e.g.	Project Manager	



IP Address allocation		T
PC Imaging Procedure		
Asset Register for items deployed as part of the project		
Server documentation		
Process for ordering new equipment, including costs		
Maintenance process		
Named system owner agreed	Project Manager	
Product Catalogue entry including how items are purchased	Project Manager	
Service Desk script(s) written and signed off	Project Manager	
Training for Operational support staff	Project Manager	
Training approach and material for system/product users	Project Manager	
e.g. E-Learning modules		
End user documentation e.g. How to User Instructions	Project Manager	
System Specific Policy to include agreed processes for the safe and legal governance, support, backup plans and maintenance arrangements for the system	Project Manager	

## 3.5.2 Assurance



Systems must not transfer to live operation until the System Specific Policy is approved

All systems require a System Specific Recovery Plan; for this, system owners should refer to the Information Systems Business Continuity Policy.

# 4 Definitions

Term	Definition					
Stakeholder	Anyone who has an interest in the operation of the system, or the output from the system or from benefits derived from the system					
System Owner	An individual with managerial responsibility for the system					
Information system	An integrated set of components for collecting, processing and storing data and for delivering					



	information
EMT	Executive Management Team
Clinical Safety Officer	<ul> <li>Individual responsible for assessing the clinical safety of Patient systems to ensure that clinical safety of patients is not put at risk</li> </ul>

# 5 References

None.

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# 6 Document control

D ( )	04.4			
Date of approval:	01 August 2018			
Next review date:	31 May 2024			
This document replaces:	IT-0032-001-v2.1 Introduction or Upgrade of an Information System procedure			
Lead:	Name	Title		
	Richard Yaldren	Head of Information Systems		
Members of working party:	Name	Title		
	GDPR steering group			
This document has been	Name	Title		
agreed and accepted by: (Director)	Patrick McGahon	Director of Finance and Information		
This document was approved by:	Name of committee/group	Date		
	Digital Safety and O1 August 2018 Information Governance Board			
An equality analysis was completed on this document on:				

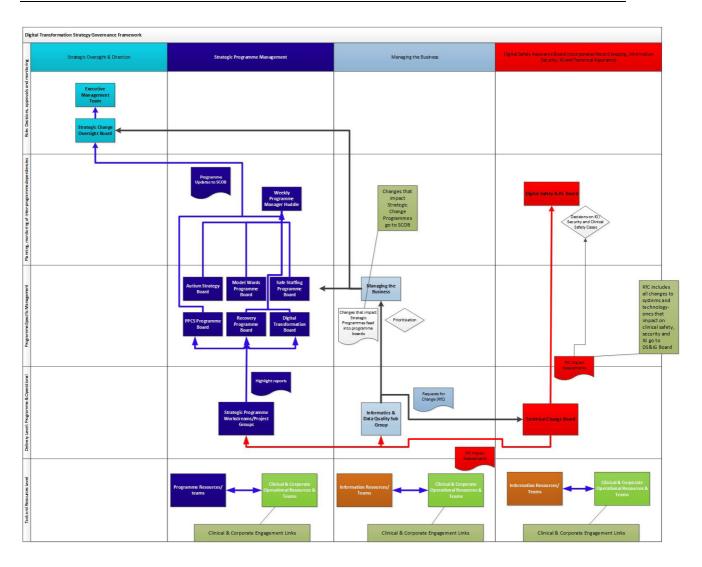
## **Change record**

Version	Date	Amendment details	Status
2	April 2016	Renumbered from IT-0019-001 to IT-0032- 001 to realign with the policy this procedure relates to	Withdrawn
2.2	Aug 2018	Reviewed in line with GDPR and current governance structure	Published
	Jul 2020	Review date extended 6 months	
	Jan 2022	Review date extended to 31 May 2022	
	Oct 2022	Review date extended to 31 May 2023	
2.2	Feb 2023	Review date extended to 31 May 2024	Published



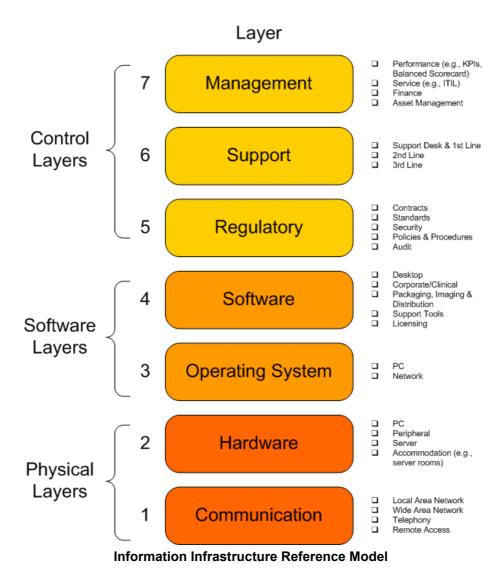
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# **Appendix 1: Process model for Form 0 to Form 3**



# Appendix 2 - OSI Seven-Layer Model

The Information Infrastructure Reference Model has been created to show all the areas of support required when running an information system.



The model enables the entire Information infrastructure for the trust to be represented using seven layers of detail. Each layer provides a separate level of abstraction and builds upon details presented in the layer beneath.



#### Layer 1 - Communication

This layer is concerned with the computer data and telecommunications network as follows:

- Local Area Network (LAN)
  - LAN technology (e.g., Ethernet, Wi-Fi)
  - o Protocols (e.g., TCP/IP)
  - Equipment (e.g., switches)
- Wide Area Network (WAN)
  - o Topology and trust site coverage
  - o Private data circuits (e.g., leased line, LAN Extension Service)
  - Virtual Private Networks (VPNs)
  - o N3 / NHSnet connectivity
  - Equipment (e.g., routers)
- Voice (Telephony)
  - Traditional (i.e., voice network separate from computer network)
  - Converged (i.e., voice and computer traffic over same network)
- Remote Access (e.g., dial-in,Smartphone)

#### Layer 2 - Hardware

The hardware layer captures the types of physical devices that communicate across the network. Such devices will include:

- Personal Computers (PCs)
- Peripherals (e.g., networked printers)
- Servers
- Accommodation (e.g., server and equipment rooms)

#### Layer 3 - Operating System

This layer looks at the two kinds of operating system in use within a trust:

- PC Desktop (e.g., Microsoft Windows<sup>®</sup>)
- Network (e.g., Microsoft Windows Server®, Novell Netware®, UNIX®, Citrix®)

#### Layer 4 – Software

The software layer covers all aspects of software use within a trust:

- Desktop applications
- Corporate applications
- Clinical applications
- Corporate software management
- Standard PC desktop environments
- Support Tools
- Licensing

#### Layer 5 - Regulatory

The regulatory aspects of the IT infrastructure are located at this layer. The established rules for governing the supply and operation of components at layers 1 to 4 will include:

- Information governance
- Contracts and suppliers
- Software and hardware standards
- Security methods
- Policies and procedures
- Audit

#### Layer 6 - Support

The ways in which layers 1 to 5 are supported are located at the support layer. The support elements include:

- IM&T support desk and first line support
- Second line support
- Third line support

#### **Layer 7 – Management**

The management layer encompasses the processes and systems required to manage the entire Information infrastructure:

- IT service management (e.g., Information Technology Infrastructure Library, ISO 20000)
- Performance management (e.g., key performance indicators, balanced scorecard, service agreements)
- Budget management
- Project Management
- Asset Management

## **Layer Sets**

The seven layers of the Information Infrastructure Reference Model separate into three sets:

- 1. the **physical layer set** comprises the *communication* and *hardware* layers (layers 1 and 2 respectively);
- 2. the **software layer set** comprises the *operating system* and *software* layers (layers 3 and 4 respectively);
- 3. the **control layer set** comprises the *regulatory*, *support*, and *management* layers (layers 5, 6, and 7 respectively).



# **Appendix 3 - Equality Analysis Screening Form**

## Please note; The Equality Analysis Policy and Equality Analysis Guidance can be found on InTouch on the policies page

Name of Service area, Directorate/Department i.e. substance misuse, corporate, finance etc.	Information Department, Finance and Information Directorate					
Name of responsible person and job title	Richard Yaldren, Head of Information Systems					
Name of working party, to include any other individuals, agencies or groups involved in this analysis	GDPR steering gro	GDPR steering group				
Policy (document/service) name						
Is the area being assessed a	Policy/Strategy		Service/Business plan		Project	
	Procedure/Guidan	се		Х	Code of practice	
	Other – Please state					
Geographical area covered	Trust-wide					
Aims and objectives	Provide the principles that all information systems are implemented to					
Start date of Equality Analysis Screening	26 June 2018					
End date of Equality Analysis Screening	31 July 2018	1 July 2018				

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## You must contact the EDHR team if you identify a negative impact. Please ring Sarah Jay or lan Mhlanga on 0191 3336267/3046

1. Who does the Policy, Service, Function, Strategy, Code of practice, Guidance, Project or Business plan benefit?

The Trust will benefit by ensuring that information systems are implemented effectively. All new systems and upgrades to existing systems undergo due consideration of impacts on the information rights of individuals to ensure risks to information are understood and mitigated. This consideration will benefit patients, staff, carers and other individuals whose information is held and processed by the Trust.

2. Will the Policy, Service, Function, Strategy, Code of practice, Guidance, Project or Business plan impact negatively on any of the protected characteristic groups below?

Race (including Gypsy and Traveller)	No	Disability (includes physical, learning, mental health, sensory and medical disabilities)	No	Sex (Men, women and gender neutral etc.)	No
<b>Gender reassignment</b> (Transgender and gender identity)	No	Sexual Orientation (Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual and Heterosexual etc.)	No	Age (includes, young people, older people – people of all ages)	No
Religion or Belief (includes faith groups, atheism and philosophical belief's)	No	Pregnancy and Maternity (includes pregnancy, women who are breastfeeding and women on maternity leave)	No	Marriage and Civil Partnership (includes opposite and same sex couples who are married or civil partners)	No

Yes - Please describe anticipated negative impact/s

No - Please describe any positive impacts/s

Each Trust system is considered individually to identify any potential negative impacts and the adjustments that can be made for individuals regarding accessibility and usability.

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3. Have you considered other sources of information such as; leg nice guidelines, CQC reports or feedback etc.? If 'No', why not?	islation, codes of practice, best practice,	Yes	X	No				
<ul> <li>Feedback from equality bodies, Care Quality     Commission, Equality and Human Rights Commission,     etc.</li> <li>Investigation findings</li> <li>Trust Strategic Direction</li> <li>Data collection/analysis</li> <li>National Guidance/Reports</li> <li>Staff grievances</li> <li>Media</li> <li>Community Consultation/Consultation Groups</li> <li>Internal Consultation</li> <li>Research</li> <li>Other (Please state below)</li> <li>Data Protection Act 2018 (GDPR)</li> </ul>								
<ol> <li>Have you engaged or consulted with service users, carers, staff and other stakeholders including people from the following protected groups?: Race, Disability, Sex, Gender reassignment (Trans), Sexual Orientation (LGB), Religion or Belief, Age, Pregnancy and Maternity or Marriage and Civil Partnership</li> <li>Yes – Please describe the engagement and involvement that has taken place</li> </ol>								
Yes – Workshops have been held throughout the Trust regarding (		this.						
No – Please describe future plans that you may have to engage and involve people from different groups								

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5. As part of this equality analysis have any training needs/service needs been identified?								
No	Please describe the identified training needs/service needs below							
A training need has been identified for;								
Trust staff		No	Service users	No	Contractors or other outside agencies		No	
Make sure that you have checked the information and that you are comfortable that additional evidence can provided if you are required to do so								
The completed EA has been signed off by:								
You the Policy owner/manager:						Date: 01 Aug		
Type name: Richard Yaldren						2018		
Your reporting (line) manager:								
Type name: Patrick McGahon							Date: 01 Aug 2018	
If you need further advice or information on equality analysis, the EDHR team host surgeries to support you in this process, to book on and find out more please call: 0191 3336267/3046								

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